CITY OF HOLBROOK, ARIZONA

Annual Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's Report June 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Holbrook, Arizona

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Holbrook, Arizona as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Holbrook, Arizona's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Holbrook, Arizona, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Holbrook, Arizona and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Holbrook, Arizona's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Holbrook, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Holbrook, Arizona's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedules, Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability - Cost-Sharing Plans, Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Agent Plans, and the Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions as noted in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 24, 2025, on our consideration of the City of Holbrook, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Holbrook, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Holbrook, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated State transportation revenue monies

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City failed to use highway user revenue fund monies received by the City pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Title 28, Chapter 18, Article 2 and any other dedicated state transportation revenues received by the City solely for the authorized transportation purposes, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the City's noncompliance with the use of highway user revenue fund monies and other dedicated state transportation revenues, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The communication related to compliance over the use of Highway User Revenue Fund and other dedicated state transportation revenue monies in the preceding paragraph is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Arizona State Legislature, (the Auditor General of the State of Arizona,) the City Council, management, and other responsible parties within the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Colby & Fowell

February 24, 2025

As management of the City of Holbrook (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total governmental fund balances of \$11,000,008, an increase of \$2,750,817.
- Total General Fund revenues exceeded total General Fund expenditures by \$2,903,688.
- Fair market value of the City's investments as of June 30, 2024 was \$7,530,280.
- The City is debt free except for net pension liabilities and is working towards paying those liabilities down.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The four components of the financial statements are: (1) government-wide financial statements which include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. (3) Notes to the financial statements. (4) Required supplementary information including this Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and pension and OPEB schedules.

Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide)

A frequently asked question regarding the City's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well-being. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report the City's net position and changes in them. Net position, the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, it is important to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the condition of the City's roads to accurately assess the overall health of the City.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, present information about the following:

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, public safety, public works/streets, culture and recreation, economic development, health and welfare and interest on long-term debt. Sales taxes, state revenue sharing, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The City charges a fee to customers to cover most of the cost of the services provided.

Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds which aid in the management of money for particular purposes or meet legal responsibilities associated with the usage of certain taxes, grants, and other money. The City's two major kinds of funds, governmental and proprietary, use different accounting approaches as explained below.

- Governmental funds Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out with the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the basic financial statements.
- Proprietary funds When the City charges customers for the services it provides, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. The City's combined assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$20.1 million as of June 30, 2024 as shown in the following condensed statement of net position. The City has chosen to account for its water, sewer, and sanitation operations in enterprise funds which are shown as business-type activities.

	Govern activ			ss-type vities	Combin	ed Total
	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2024	6/30/2023	6/30/2024	6/30/2023
Current and other assets	\$ 11,527,042	\$ 8,659,415	\$ 857,700	\$ 583,789	\$ 12,384,742	\$ 9,243,204
Capital assets	9,851,363	10,307,253	5,780,933	5,847,457	15,632,296	16,154,710
Total assets	21,378,405	18,966,668	6,638,633	6,431,246	28,017,038	25,397,914
Deferred outflows of resources	816,558	1,592,331	68,500	89,640	885,058	1,681,971
Current liabilities	418,219	324,666	343,735	1,142,317	761,954	1,466,983
Non-current liabilities	7,141,197	7,759,031	559,730	642,646	7,700,927	8,401,677
Total liabilities	7,559,416	8,083,697	903,465	1,784,963	8,462,881	9,868,660
Deferred inflows of resources	257,694	243,306	106,630	100,897	364,324	344,203
Net position: Net investment in capital						
assets	9,851,363	10,307,253	5,780,933	5,847,457	15,632,296	16,154,710
Restricted	1,469,109	1,023,556	1,001,057	7,057	2,470,166	1,030,613
Unrestricted	3,057,381	901,187	(1,084,952)	(1,219,488)	1,972,429	(318,301)
Total net position	\$ 14,377,853	\$ 12,231,996	\$ 5,697,038	\$ 4,635,026	\$ 20,074,891	\$ 16,867,022

Condensed Statement of Net Position

Governmental Activities

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$6.5 million. As shown on the Statement of Activities, \$292,483 of this cost was paid for by those who directly benefited from the programs; \$986,746 was subsidized by grants and other contributions received for both capital and operating activities. Overall governmental program revenues, including intergovernmental aid and fees for services was \$1.3 million. General taxes, state revenue sharing and investment earnings totaled \$7.4 million.

The City's programs include: general government, public safety, public works and streets, parks and recreation, and welfare. Each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) is presented. The net cost shows the extent to which the City's general taxes support each of the City's programs.

Condensed Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities		Business-ty	pe Activities	Total		
	6/30/24	6/30/23	6/30/24	6/30/23	6/30/24	6/30/23	
Revenues							
Program revenues							
Fees, fines, and charges for							
services	\$ 292,483	\$ 254,116	\$ 2,492,477	\$ 2,174,014	\$ 2,784,960	\$ 2,428,130	
Operating grants and contributions	981,906	1,707,748	675,500	-	1,657,406	1,707,748	
Capital grants and contributions	4,840	4,019	327,787	99,692	332,627	103,711	
General revenues							
Local taxes	4,660,539	4,739,520	-	-	4,660,539	4,739,520	
State-shared revenues	2,456,691	2,059,838	-	-	2,456,691	2,059,838	
Investment income (loss)	339,440	36,867	-	-	339,440	36,867	
Miscellaneous	51,833	50,752			51,833	50,752	
Total revenues	8,787,732	8,852,860	3,495,764	2,273,706	12,283,496	11,126,566	
Expenses							
General government	963,452	928,287	-	-	963,452	928,287	
Public safety	2,923,095	2,441,715	-	-	2,923,095	2,441,715	
Public works and streets	1,285,462	1,224,762	-	-	1,285,462	1,224,762	
Parks and recreation	1,282,669	1,224,071	-	-	1,282,669	1,224,071	
Welfare	61,435	90,571	-	-	61,435	90,571	
Utilities			2,559,514	2,535,787	2,559,514	2,535,787	
Total expenses	6,516,113	5,909,406	2,559,514	2,535,787	9,075,627	8,445,193	
Change in net position	2,145,857	2,943,454	1,062,012	(262,081)	3,207,869	2,681,373	
Net position, beginning of year	12,231,996	9,288,542	4,635,026	4,897,107	16,867,022	14,185,649	
Net position, end of year	\$ 14,377,853	\$ 12,231,996	\$ 5,697,038	\$ 4,635,026	\$ 20,074,891	\$ 16,867,022	

The following shows revenues by source for all governmental activities:



Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

Business-type Activities

Net position of the business-type activities at June 30, 2024, as reflected in the Statement of Net Position was \$5.7 million. The cost of providing all business-type activities this year was \$2.6 million. As shown in the Statement of Activities, the amounts paid by users of the system were \$2.5 million. Net position increased by \$1.1 million.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$11.0 million, an increase of \$2.8 million in comparison with the prior year. \$8.5 million of the ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for new spending at the government's discretion. \$64,151 of the ending fund balance is currently unspendable because they are not in spendable form such as fund balance associated with inventories and prepaids. \$1.2 million of the fund balance is restricted meaning it can only be used for highways and streets or to pay for court enhancement.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$8.5 million. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance and unassigned fund balance represents 173.9% and 171.4% respectively of total General Fund expenditures. During the year, the City's General Fund balance increased by \$2.9 million.

The Highway User Revenue Fund has a total fund balance of \$1.2 million. The net increase in the fund balance during the current year was \$195,983.

Proprietary funds: The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements as the business-type activities, but in more detail. Total net position of the proprietary funds was \$5.7 million consisting of \$5.8 million net investment in capital assets, \$1.0 million of restricted net position, and \$(1.1 million) deficit in unrestricted net position.

Budgetary Highlights

The City's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the City. Budgetary comparison statements are required for the General Fund and all major special revenue funds. These statements compare the original adopted budget, the budget if amended throughout the fiscal year, and the actual expenditures prepared on a budgetary basis.

The General Fund's revenues of \$7,860,025 were more than budgeted revenues of \$7,293,223 by \$566,802 and the General Fund's expenditures of \$4,966,709 were less than budgeted expenditures of \$8,246,119 by \$3,279,410.

HURF Revenues of \$867,084 were less than budgeted revenues of \$890,578 by \$23,494 and expenditures of \$671,101 were less than budgeted expenditures of \$1,692,485 by \$1,021,384.

Grant Revenues of \$50,251 were less than budgeted revenues of \$2,950,199 by \$2,899,948 and expenditures of \$273,343 were less than budgeted expenditures of \$3,348,699 by \$3,075,356.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The capital assets of the City are those assets that are used in performance of City functions including infrastructure assets. Capital assets include equipment, buildings, land, system improvements, park facilities and roads. At the end of fiscal year 2024, net capital assets of the government activities totaled \$9.9 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$5.8 million. Depreciation on capital assets for both government activities and business-type activities is recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the City had \$7.3 million recorded in the governmental activities of which \$7.1 million is related to a net pension liability. The City had \$605,065 in the business-type activities of which \$544,619 is related to a net pension liability. The governmental activities debt is mainly comprised of net pension liability which management has little control over. During the current fiscal year, the City's total debt decreased by \$689,566.

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

In considering the City's budget for fiscal year 2024/2025, the City Council and management budgeted an overall increase as inflation is driving up costs. The council budgeted an across-theboard 3.6% COLA increase to payroll and had to adjust payroll schedules due to the Statemandated minimum wage increase. Most City improvements will be made through grants initiated in FY24.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact, City of Holbrook, Post Office Box 970, Holbrook, Arizona 86025.

FINANCIAL SECTION

City of Holbrook, Arizona Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Primary Government					
	Governmental	Business-type				
	Activities	Activities	Total			
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,352,708	\$ 445,921	\$ 10,798,629			
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	-	111,663	111,663			
Taxes receivable	28,529	-	28,529			
Due from other governments	757,491	-	757,491			
Receivables, net	-	236,245	236,245			
Prepaid expenses	18,784	-	18,784			
Inventory	45,367	45,940	91,307			
Interactivity balances	76,272	(76,272)	-			
Net pension and other postemployment						
benefits asset	247,891	17,931	265,822			
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,094,820	377,968	1,472,788			
Capital assets, being depreciated, net	8,756,543	5,402,965	14,159,508			
Total assets	21,378,405	6,562,361	27,940,766			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred outflows related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits	816,558	68,500	885,058			
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	164,405	94,088	258,493			
Accrued expenses	114,738	16,377	131,115			
Customer deposits	-	111,663	111,663			
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within 1 year	139,076	45,335	184,411			
Due in more than 1 year	7,141,197	559,730	7,700,927			
Total liabilities	7,559,416	827,193	8,386,609			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred inflows related to pensions						
and other postemployment benefits	257,694	106,630	364,324			
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	9,851,363	5,780,933	15,632,296			
Restricted for:						
Highways and streets	1,158,339	-	1,158,339			
Court enhancement	62,879	-	62,879			
Other postemployment benefits	247,891	17,931	265,822			
Water preservation	-	877,890	877,890			
Capital improvements	-	105,236	105,236			
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,057,381	(1,084,952)	1,972,429			
Total net position	\$ 14,377,853	\$ 5,697,038	\$ 20,074,891			

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenue		Net (Expenses) F	Revenue and Change	es in Net Position
		Charges	Operating	Capital	P	rimary Governmer	nt
		for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions / Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 963,452	\$ 20,830	\$ 25,000	\$ 2,215	\$ (915,407)	\$ -	\$ (915,407)
Public safety	2,923,095	60,274	29,788	-	(2,833,033)	-	(2,833,033)
Public works and streets	1,285,462	45,231	917,118	2,625	(320,488)	-	(320,488)
Parks and recreation	1,282,669	166,148	10,000	-	(1,106,521)	-	(1,106,521)
Welfare	61,435				(61,435)		(61,435)
Total governmental activities	6,516,113	292,483	981,906	4,840	(5,236,884)		(5,236,884)
Business-type activities							
Sanitation	561,754	663,569	-	-	-	101,815	101,815
Sewer	854,091	772,658	-	45,460	-	(35,973)	(35,973)
Water	1,143,669	1,056,250	675,500	282,327		870,408	870,408
Total business-type activities	2,559,514	2,492,477	675,500	327,787		936,250	936,250
Total primary government	\$ 9,075,627	\$ 2,784,960	\$ 1,657,406	\$ 332,627	(5,236,884)	936,250	(4,300,634)
G	eneral revenue:						
-	Taxes						
	Sales taxes				4,449,061	-	4,449,061
	Property taxes				102,509	-	102,509
	Franchise taxes	;			108,969	-	108,969
	State sales tax rev	venue sharing			732,273	-	732,273
	Auto lieu tax rev	enue sharing			438,149	-	438,149
	State revenue sha	ring			1,286,269	-	1,286,269
	Investment incor	ne (loss)			339,440	-	339,440
	Miscellaneous				41,461	-	41,461
	Gain on disposal	of capital assets			10,372	-	10,372
Т	ransfers:				(125,762)	125,762	
	-	revenues and transf	fers		7,382,741	125,762	7,508,503
	Change in net				2,145,857	1,062,012	3,207,869
	Net position, beg				12,231,996	4,635,026	16,867,022
	Net position, end	l of year			\$14,377,853	\$ 5,697,038	\$20,074,891

See accompanying notes to financial statements. - 14 -

City of Holbrook, Arizona Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General Fund	HURF Fund	Grants Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,042,793	\$ 1,109,873	\$ 1,200,042	\$10,352,708
Taxes receivable	28,529	-	-	28,529
Due from other governments	663,844	88,807	4,840	757,491
Inventory	45,367	-	-	45,367
Prepaid expenses	18,784	-	-	18,784
Due from other funds	76,272			76,272
Total assets	8,875,589	1,198,680	1,204,882	11,279,151
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	132,715	30,990	700	164,405
Accrued expenses	104,957	9,351	430	114,738
Total liabilities	237,672	40,341	1,130	279,143
FUND BALANCES				
Unspendable	64,151	-	-	64,151
Restricted for:				
Highways and streets	-	1,158,339	-	1,158,339
Court enhancment	62,879	-	-	62,879
Assigned, Capital improvements	-	-	1,203,752	1,203,752
Unassigned	8,510,887			8,510,887
Total fund balances	8,637,917	1,158,339	1,203,752	11,000,008
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 8,875,589	\$ 1,198,680	\$ 1,204,882	\$11,279,151

City of Holbrook, Arizona Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ 11,000,008
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	9,851,363
Net pension assets held in trust for future benefits are not available for City operations and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	247,891
Long-term liabilities, such as net pension/OPEB liabilities and bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(7,280,273)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB and deferred charges or credits on debt refundings are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not	
reported in the funds.	 558,864
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 14,377,853

City of Holbrook, Arizona Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	HURF Fund	Grants Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	• • • • • • • • • •	¢	•	• • • • • • • • • •
Taxes	\$ 4,660,540	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,660,540
Intergovernmental	2,526,104	867,084	50,251	3,443,439
Investment income (loss)	339,440	-	-	339,440
Charges for services	233,525	-	-	233,525
Other revenue	41,459	-	-	41,459
Fines and forfietures	38,127	-	-	38,127
Licenses, permits and fees	20,830	-	-	20,830
Total revenues	7,860,025	867,084	50,251	8,777,360
Expenditures Current				
General government	684,278		2,434	686,712
Public safety	2,529,367	-	2,434	2,529,367
Public works and streets	367,115	622,444		989,559
Parks and recreation	1,234,096	-	6,668	1,240,764
Welfare	64,054	_	-	64,054
Capital outlay	87,799	48,657	264,241	400,697
Total expenditures	4,966,709	671,101	273,343	5,911,153
i our experience es	1,500,705	0/1,101	275,515	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	2,893,316	195,983	(223,092)	2,866,207
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of assets	10,372	-	-	10,372
Transfers	-	-	(125,762)	(125,762)
Total other financing			<u> </u>	
sources (uses)	10,372		(125,762)	(115,390)
Net change in fund balances	2,903,688	195,983	(348,854)	2,750,817
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,734,229	962,356	1,552,606	8,249,191
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,637,917	\$ 1,158,339	\$ 1,203,752	\$11,000,008

City of Holbrook, Arizona Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds		\$ 2,750,817
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlay Depreciation expense	400,697 (856,587)	(455,890)
City pension/OPEB contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the City's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the change in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the statement of activities.	684,518	
Pension/OPEB expense	(834,669)	(150,151)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are reported regardless of when the financial resources are available.		
Decrease in compensated absences		 1,081
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 2,145,857

City of Holbrook, Arizona Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Fund					Funds
	Sanitation Fund		Sewer Fund		Water Fund	Total
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,574	\$	397,347	\$-	\$ 445,921
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	•	-		-	111,663	111,663
Accounts receivable, net		52,631		71,362	112,252	236,245
Inventory		-		22,970	22,970	45,940
Total current assets		101,205		491,679	246,885	839,769
				.,.,.,		
Noncurrent assets		4 10 4		5.270	0.000	17.021
Net pension and other postemployment benefits asset		4,184		5,379	8,368	17,931
Capital assets, net of accumulated						
depreciation, where applicable		248,814		3,667,193	1,864,926	5,780,933
Total noncurrent assets		252,998		3,672,572	1,873,294	5,798,864
Total assets		354,203		4,164,251	2,120,179	6,638,633
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred outflows related to pensions and other						
postemployment benefits		15,983		20,550	31,967	68,500
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Current portion of compensated absences Customer deposits Total current liabilities		30,841 3,700 7,529 - 42,070		27,146 6,721 22,644 - 56,511	36,101 5,956 15,162 <u>111,663</u> 168,882	94,088 16,377 45,335 <u>111,663</u> 267,463
Noncurrent liabilities Due to other funds					76,272	76 272
Compensated absences, net of current portion		- 2,509		- 7,548	5,054	76,272 15,111
Net pension liability and other postemployment benefits		2,309		163,385	254,156	544,619
Total noncurrent liabilities		127,078		170,933	335,482	636,002
Total honcul tent habilities						
Total liabilities		171,657		227,444	504,364	903,465
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred inflows related to pensions and other						
postemployment benefits		24,880		31,989	49,761	106,630
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		248,814		3,667,193	1,864,926	5,780,933
Restricted for other postemployment benefits		4,184		5,379	8,368	17,931
Restricted for water preservation		_		-	877,890	877,890
Restricted for capital improvements		-		45,275	59,961	105,236
Unrestricted (deficit)		(79,349)		207,521	(1,213,124)	
Total net position	\$	173,649	\$	3,925,368	\$ 1,598,021	\$ 5,697,038

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds						
	Sanitation Fund	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Total			
Operating revenues	¢ (21.421	ф 7 (0,1,41	Ф 07 <i>с</i> 7с1	¢ 0.077.010			
Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 631,421 32,148	\$ 769,141 3,517	\$ 976,751 79,499	\$ 2,377,313 115,164			
Total operating revenues	663,569	772,658	1,056,250	2,492,477			
Operating expenses							
Personnel	151,566	190,089	298,696	640,351			
Service, supplies and other	398,049	365,027	623,756	1,386,832			
Depreciation	12,139	298,975	221,217	532,331			
Total operating expenses	561,754	854,091	1,143,669	2,559,514			
Operating income (loss)	101,815	(81,433)	(87,419)	(67,037)			
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Nonoperating grant			675,500	675,500			
Income (loss) before contributions, gains, losses, and transfers	101,815	(81,433)	588,081	608,463			
Capital contributions	-	45,460	282,327	327,787			
Transfers			125,762	125,762			
Increase (decrease) in net position	101,815	(35,973)	996,170	1,062,012			
Total net position, beginning of year	71,834	3,961,341	601,851	4,635,026			
Total net position, end of year	\$ 173,649	\$ 3,925,368	\$ 1,598,021	\$ 5,697,038			

City of Holbrook, Arizona Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds							
	Sanitation Fund			Sewer Fund		Water Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Receipts from customers	\$	660,519	\$	772,365	\$	1,041,018	\$	2,473,902
Payments to suppliers and providers of								
goods and services		(373,917)		(359,416)		(662,948)	((1,396,281)
Payments to employees		(161,668)		(197,426)		(322,140)		(681,234)
Net cash provided by (used for)								
operating activities		124,934		215,523		55,930		396,387
Cash flows from noncapital								
financing activities:								
Advances (Repayments) to/from other funds		(76,360)		-		(720,874)		(797,234)
Proceeds from nonoperating grants		-		-		675,500		675,500
Net transfers (to) from other funds		-		-		125,762		125,762
Net cash provided by (used for)								
noncapital financing activities		(76,360)		-		80,388		4,028
Cash flows from capital and related								
financing activities:								
Proceeds from capital contributions		-		45,460		282,327		327,787
Purchase of capital assets		-		(43,233)		(422,573)		(465,806)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital								
and related financing activities		-		2,227		(140,246)		(138,019)
Net increase (decrease) in cash								
and cash equivalents		48,574		217,750		(3,928)		262,396
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		-		179,597		115,591		295,188
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	48,574	\$	397,347	\$	111,663	\$	557,584
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,574	\$	397,347	\$	-	\$	445,921
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted		-		-		111,663		111,663
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	48,574	\$	397,347	\$	111,663	\$	557,584

City of Holbrook, Arizona Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Years Ended June 30, 2024 *(Continued)*

	Business-type ActivitiesEnterprise Funds								
		Sanitation Fund		Sewer Fund		Water Fund		Total	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:									
Operating income (loss)	\$	101,815	\$	(81,433)	\$	(87,419)	\$	(67,037)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:									
Depreciation		12,139		298,975		221,217		532,331	
Changes in assets, deferred outflows									
of resources, liabilities, and deferred									
inflows of resources:									
Accounts receivable		(3,050)		(293)		(11,304)		(14,647)	
Net pension and other postemployment									
benefits asset		731		940		1,461		3,132	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions									
and other postemployment benefits		4,933		6,342		9,865		21,140	
Accounts payable		24,132		5,611		(39,192)		(9,449)	
Accrued expenses		455		1,170		(1,592)		33	
Customer deposits		-		-		(3,928)		(3,928)	
Compensated absences payable		2,722		8,566		4,705		15,993	
Net pension and other postemployment									
benefits liability		(20,280)		(26,075)		(40,559)		(86,914)	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		. ,							
and other postemployment benefits		1,337		1,720		2,676		5,733	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	124,934	\$	215,523	\$	55,930	\$	396,387	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City's accounting policies of the City of Holbrook, Arizona, conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). A summary of the City's more significant accounting policies follows.

A. Reporting Entity

The City is a general-purpose local government that is governed by a separately elected city council. The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the City (the primary government). The City has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The basic financial statements include both government-wide statements and fund financial statements. The government-wide statements focus on the City as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

Government-wide statements – provide information about the primary government (the City). The statements include a statement of net position and a statement of activities. These statements report the financial activities of the overall government. They also distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

A statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities and segment of its business-type activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to programs or functions. Program revenues include:

- charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided,
- operating grants and contributions, and
- capital grants and contributions.

Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including internally dedicated resources and all taxes, are reported as general revenues.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to minimize the double counting of internal activities. However, charges for interfund services provided and used are not eliminated if the prices approximate their external exchange values.

Fund financial statements – provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements are presented for the governmental and proprietary fund categories. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. For the year ended June 30, 2024 the City has elected to report all of their funds as major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from transactions associated with the fund's principal activity in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from transactions in which the parties do not exchange equal values. Revenues generated by ancillary activities are also reported as nonoperating revenues. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other expenses, such as interest expense, are considered to be nonoperating expenses.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *HURF Fund* accounts for specific revenue received from the State of Arizona Highway User Revenue Fund (HURF) which is legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, namely road construction and maintenance.

The *Grants Fund* accounts for federal and state grant programs.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

The *Sanitation*, *Sewer*, and *Water Funds* account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, in which the intent of the City Council is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing water, sewer, and trash collection to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or for which the City Council has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements the provider imposed have been met.

Governmental funds in the fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after year–end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they are due and payable. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease agreements are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of grants and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. The City applies grant resources to such programs before using general revenues.

D. Cash and Investments

For the statement of cash flows, the City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State Treasurer's local government investment pool, and only those highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

E. Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts

Allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable in the proprietary funds are estimated by the City. The amount recorded as an allowance for uncollectible receivables at June 30, 2024, for the Sanitation, Sewer, and Water Funds was \$24,000, \$17,800, and \$140,200, respectively.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

F. Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are billed and collected through Navajo County. The City levies real property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

During the year, the City also levies various personal property taxes that are due the second Monday of the month following receipt of the tax notice and become delinquent 30 days later. A lien assessed against real and personal property assessed attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy.

G. Inventories

Inventories of the proprietary fund are recorded as assets when purchased and expensed when consumed. These inventories are state at cost using the first–in, first–out method.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost (or estimated historical cost if historical records are not available). Donated assets are reported at acquisition value.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	alization eshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Land	\$ 5,000	n/a	n/a
Infrastructure	5,000	Straight-line	25-50
Buildings	5,000	Straight-line	25-50
Utility systems	5,000	Straight-line	25-50
Land Improvements	5,000	Straight-line	15-20
Equipment	5,000	Straight-line	5-15
Vehicles	5,000	Straight-line	5-10
Furniture and fixtures	5,000	Straight-line	5-15

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

I. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

J. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences payable consists of vacation leave and a calculated amount of sick leave earned by employees based on services already rendered.

Upon termination of employment, all unused and unforfeited vacation benefits are paid to employees. Accordingly, vacation benefits are accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

Employees can carry forward an unlimited amount of sick leave hours. Except for those employees who were hired prior to August 13, 2009, all sick leave hours accrued are forfeited upon termination. All those hired prior to August 13, 2009 are considered grandfathered and are paid for one third of the accumulated balance upon retirement. Accordingly, this portion of the sick leave benefits is accrued as a liability in the financial statements.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

The statement of net position and balance sheet include separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods that will be recognized as an expense or expenditure in future periods. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to future periods and will be recognized as a revenue in future periods.

L. Fund Balance Reporting

The governmental funds' fund balances are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on those resources' use. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, such as inventories, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balances are those that have externally imposed restrictions on their usage by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

The unrestricted fund balance category is composed of committed, assigned, and unassigned resources. Committed fund balances are self-imposed limitations that the City Council has approved, which is the highest level of decision-making authority within the City. Only the City Council can remove or change the constraints placed on committed fund balances.

Assigned fund balances are resources constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but that are neither restricted nor committed. The City Council has authorized the City manager to assign resources for a specific purpose.

The unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not reported in the other classifications. Also, deficits in fund balances of the other governmental funds are reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred that can be paid from either restricted or unrestricted fund balances, it is the City's policy to use (the City will use) restricted fund balance first. It is the City's policy to use (the City will use) committed amounts first when disbursing unrestricted fund balances, followed by assigned amounts, and lastly unassigned amounts.

M. Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) assets and liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the plans' fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Budgets

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end. The City is subject to the State of Arizona's Spending Limitation Law for Towns and Cities. This law does not permit the City to spend more than budgeted revenues plus the carry-over unrestricted cash balance from the prior fiscal year. The limitation is applied to the total of the combined funds. The City complied with this law during the year.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the department level. The individual budgetary comparison schedules as listed in the table of contents present all major governmental funds which incurred an excess of expenditures/expenses over appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2024, if any.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize the City to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's investment pool; obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States or any of the senior debt of its agencies, sponsored agencies, corporations, sponsored corporations, or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness; interest-earning investments such as savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; specified commercial paper issued by corporations organized and doing business in the United States; specified bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars; and certain open-end and closed-end mutual funds, including exchange traded funds. In addition, the City Treasurer may invest trust funds in certain fixed income securities of corporations doing business in the United States or District of Columbia.

Credit risk

Statutes have the following requirements for credit risk:

- 1. Commercial paper must be of prime quality and be rated within the top two ratings by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 2. Bonds, debentures, notes, and other evidences of indebtedness that are denominated in United States dollars must be rated "A" or better at the time of purchase by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.
- 3. Fixed income securities must carry one of the two highest ratings by Moody's investor's service and Standard and Poor's rating service. If only one of the above-mentioned services rates the security, it must carry the highest rating of that service.

Custodial credit risk

Statutes require collateral for deposits at 102 percent of all deposits federal depository insurance does not cover.

Concentration of credit risk

Statutes do not include any requirements for concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk

Statutes require that public monies invested in securities and deposits have a maximum maturity of 5 years. The maximum maturity for investments in repurchase agreements is 180 days.

Foreign currency risk

Statutes do not allow foreign investments unless the investment is denominated in United States dollars.

The City's investment policy states that the City will conform with Arizona Revised Statutes.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS – Continued

Restricted cash – Restricted cash in the Water Fund consists of \$111,663 reserved for refundable customer deposits.

Deposits – At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the City's total nonpooled cash in bank was \$3,379,612 and the bank balance was \$3,487,137. The entire bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or pledged collateral held by the City's agent not in the City's name.

Investments – At June 30, 2024, the investments consisted of the City's investment in the State Treasurer's investment pool. The reported amount of \$7,530,280 approximates fair value. The investment rating of the State treasurer's investment pool is "unrated".

Investments in the State Treasurer's investment pools are valued at the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares the City held. The fair value of a participant's position in the pools approximates the value of that participant's pool shares. The State Board of Investment provides oversight for the State Treasurer's investment pools.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits, and investments to amounts shown on the statement of net position follows:

Cash, deposits, and investments:	
Cash on hand	\$ 400
Amount of deposits	3,379,612
Amount of investments	7,530,280
Total cash, deposits, and investments Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	 10,910,292 (111,663)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 10,798,629

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Amounts due at June 30, 2024 from other governments in the Governmental Funds consisted of the following:

Description	General Fund	HURF Fund	Grants Fund	Total
State of Arizona:				
City sales tax	\$ 624,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 624,868
Highway user revenue	-	88,807	-	88,807
State sales tax	22,775	-	-	22,775
Vehicle license tax	16,162	-	-	16,162
Grants	-	-	4,840	4,840
<u>Navajo County</u> - Property tax	39			39
	\$ 663,844	\$ 88,807	\$ 4,840	\$ 757,491

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Governmental activities

	Balance July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 914,945	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 914,945
Construction in progress	179,875			179,875
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,094,820			1,094,820
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	6,505,792	23,691	-	6,529,483
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	4,623,017	57,973	(73,001)	4,607,989
Infrastructure - roads	5,403,598	81,068	-	5,484,666
Runway and taxiway	4,543,162	-	-	4,543,162
Improvements - other	276,212	237,965	-	514,177
Total	21,351,781	400,697	(73,001)	21,679,477
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(4,269,341)	(150,438)	-	(4,419,779)
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	(3,328,781)	(245,623)	73,001	(3,501,403)
Infrastructure - roads	(2,908,122)	(221,527)	-	(3,129,649)
Runway and taxiway	(1,551,570)	(216,469)	-	(1,768,039)
Improvements - other	(81,534)	(22,530)		(104,064)
Total	(12,139,348)	(856,587)	73,001	(12,922,934)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	9,212,433	(455,890)		8,756,543
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,307,253	\$ (455,890)	\$ -	\$ 9,851,363

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS – Continued

Business-type activities

	Balance			Balance	
	July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2024	
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ 282,822	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 282,822	
Land and water rights		95,146		95,146	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	282,822	95,146		377,968	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Utility systems	31,471,608	347,543	-	31,819,151	
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	1,812,769	23,118		1,835,887	
Total	33,284,377	370,661		33,655,038	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Utility systems	(26,409,343)	(456,820)	-	(26,866,163)	
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	(1,310,399)	(75,511)		(1,385,910)	
Total	(27,719,742)	(532,331)	-	(28,252,073)	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,564,635	(161,670)		5,402,965	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 5,847,457	\$ (66,524)	\$ -	\$ 5,780,933	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 303,530
Public safety	127,000
Public works and streets	333,123
Parks and recreation	 92,934
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 856,587
Business-type activities:	
Sanitation	\$ 12,139
Sewer	298,975
Water	 221,217
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 532,331

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following schedule details the City's long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2024.

	Jı	Balance aly 1, 2023	Additions		Reductions		Balance June 30, 2024		Due within 1 year	
Governmental activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	186,516	\$	-	\$	(1,081)	\$	185,435	\$	139,076
Net pension and other										
postemployment benefits liability		7,712,402		-		(617,564)		7,094,838		-
Governmental activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	7,898,918	\$	-	\$	(618,645)	\$	7,280,273	\$	139,076
Business-type activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	44,453	\$	15,993	\$	-	\$	60,446	\$	45,335
Net pension and other										
postemployment benefits liability		631,533		-		(86,914)		544,619		-
Business-type activities										
long-term liabilities	\$	675,986	\$	15,993	\$	(86,914)	\$	605,065	\$	45,335

NOTE 6 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The City carries commercial insurance for all such risks of loss, including workers' compensation and employees' health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES

The City is involved with various matters of litigation from year to year. It is the opinion of City officials that these cases will either be handled by the City's insurance coverage or that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial condition.
NOTE 8 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund balances – During the course of normal operations, the City's General Fund has loaned the Water Fund resources to fund ongoing operations. Balances are not expected to be repaid within one year.

Interfund transfers – During the year ending June 30, 2024, the Grants Fund transferred \$125,762 to the Water Fund to pay for capital asset additions paid for with American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS) and the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS). The plans are component units of the State of Arizona.

At June 30, 2024, the City reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for all plans to which it contributes:

Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities	 vernmental Activities	iness-type Activities	 Total
Net OPEB assets	\$ 247,891	\$ 17,931	\$ 265,822
Net pension and OPEB liabilities	7,094,838	544,619	7,639,457
Deferred outflows of resources			
related to pension and OPEB	816,558	68,500	885,058
Deferred inflows of resources			
related to pension and OPEB	257,694	106,630	364,324
Pension and OPEB expense	834,669	(1,542)	833,127

The City reported \$684,518 of pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures in the governmental funds related to all plans to which it contributes.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

A. Arizona State Retirement System

Plan Description – City employees not covered by the other pension plans described below participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its website at www.azasrs.gov.

Benefits Provided – The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:							
	Before July 1, 2011	On or after July 1, 2011						
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years age 55						
required to receive benefit	10 years age 62	25 years age 60						
	5 years age 50*	10 years age 62						
	Any years age 65	5 years age 50*						
		Any years age 65						
Final average salary is based	Highest 36 months of last 120	Highest 60 months of last 120						
on	months	months						
Benefit percent per year of	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%						

*With actuarially reduced benefits.

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earning. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the retirement benefit option chosen determines the survivor benefit. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

Contributions – In accordance with State statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2024, statute required active ASRS members to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.29 percent (12.14 percent for retirement and 0.15 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and statute required the City to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.29 percent (12.03 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.15 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. In addition, the City was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.99 percent (9.94 percent for retirement and 0.05 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked for the City in positions that an employee who contributes to the ASRS would typically fill. The City's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$174,620, \$1,597, and \$2,177, respectively.

During fiscal year 2024, the City paid for ASRS pension and OPEB contributions as follows: 57.00 percent from the General Fund, 13.00 percent from the HURF Fund, 7.00 percent from the Sanitation Fund, 9.00 percent from the Sewer Fund, and 14.00 percent from the Water Fund.

Liability - At June 30, 2024, the City reported the following asset and liabilities for its proportionate share of the ASRS' net pension/OPEB asset or liability.

	Net Pension/OPEB		
	(Ass	et) Liability	
Pension	\$	1,813,940	
Health insurance premium benefit		(59,770)	
Long-term disability		1,458	

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The net asset and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023. The total liability used to calculate the net asset or net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

The City's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the City's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2023. The City's proportions measured as of June 30, 2023, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2022, were:

	Proportion	Increase (decrease)
	June 30, 2023	from June 30, 2022
Pension	0.01121%	-0.00168%
Health insurance premium benefit	0.01107%	-0.00151%
Long-term disability	0.01113%	-0.00161%

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense.

	Pension/OPEB
	Expense
Pension	(367)
Health insurance premium benefit	(5,921)
Long-term disability	1,147

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

		Pen	sion		He	alth Insura Ber	ince Pi iefit	emium
	DeferredDeferredOutflows ofInflows ofResourcesResources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	40,988	\$	-	\$	2,522	\$	22,290
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Net difference between		-		-		-		1,189
projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City contributions and proportionate		-		64,179		-		2,625
share of contributions		-		260,593		4,730		-
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		174,620				1,597		
Total	\$	215,608	\$	324,772	\$	8,849	\$	26,104
		Long-Tern	1 Disa	bility				
		eferred tflows of		eferred flows of				
		esources		sources				
Differences between expected								
and actual experience Changes of assumptions or	\$	1,317	\$	821				
other inputs Net difference between		385		2,123				
projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between City		-		117				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions City contributions subsequent		-		1,500				
to the measurement date		2,177						
Total	\$	3,879	\$	4,561				

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

			Health Ins	urance	Long-Term
Year ended June 30,]	Pension	Premium	Benefit	Disability
2025	\$	(193,968)	\$	(8,761)	(424)
2026		(151,007)		(9,754)	(663)
2027		69,166		(224)	(202)
2028		(7,975)		(497)	(624)
2029		-		384	(581)
Thereafter		-		-	(365)

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

ASRS	
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	2.9 - 8.4% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Inflation	2.3%
Permanent benefit increase	Included for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance
	premium benefit
Recovery rates	2012 GLDT for long-term disability
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

arget Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
44%	3.50%
23%	5.90%
17%	5.90%
10%	6.70%
6%	1.50%
100%	
	23% 17% 10% 6%

Discount Rate – At June 30, 2023, the discount rate used to measure the ASRS total pension/OPEB liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the ASRS Net Pension/OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension/OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	6.0%)	Cu	rrent Discount Rate (7.0%)	1	1% Increase (8.0%)
City's Proportionate share of the Net pension liability Net insurance premium benefit	\$	2,717,016	\$	1,813,940	\$	1,060,935
liability (asset) Net long-term disability liability		(41,777) 2,133		(59,770) 1,458		(75,060) 795

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report.

B. Public Safety Personnel Retirement System

Plan Descriptions – City police employees participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System (PSPRS) or employees who became members on or after July 1, 2017, may participate in the Public Safety Personnel Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PSPDCRP). The PSPRS administers agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and agent and cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plans. A nine-member board known as the Board of Trustees and the participating local boards govern the PSPRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 4. Employees who were PSPRS members before July 1, 2017, participate in the agent plans, and those who became PSPRS members on or after July 1, 2017, participate in the cost-sharing plans (PSPRS Tier 3 Risk Pool) which are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the City's financial statements.

The PSPRS issues publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the PSPRS website at www.psprs.com.

Benefits Provided – The PSPRS provide retirement, health insurance premium supplement, disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefits terms.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Retirement, disability, and survivor benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Initial Membership Date:						
	Before January 1, 2012	On or after January 1, 2012 and before July 1, 2017					
Retirement and Disability							
Years of service and age required to receive benefit	20 years of service, any age 15 years of service, age 62	25 years of service or 15 years of credited service, age 52.5					
Final average salary is based on	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years	Highest 36 consecutive months of last 20 years					
Benefit percentage							
Normal Retirement	50% less 2.0% for each year of credited service less than 20 years OR plus 2.0% to 2.5% for each year of credited services over 20 years, not to exceed 80%	1.5% to 2.5% per year of credited service, not to exceed 80%					
Accidental Disability Retirement	50% or normal retirement	nt, whichever is greater					
Catastrophic Disability Retirement	90% for the first 60 months then reduced to either 62.5% or normal retirement, whichever is greater						
Ordinary Disability Retirement	Normal retirement calculated with actual years of credited service or 20 years of credited service, whichever is greater, multiplied by years of credited service (not to exceed 20 years) divided by 20						
Survivor Benefit							
Retired Members	80% to 100% of retired n	member's pension benefit					
Active Members	80% to 100% of accidental disability retirement benefit or 100% of average monthly compensation if death was result of injuries received on the job						

Retirement and survivor benefits are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on inflation. PSPRS also provides temporary disability benefits of 50 percent of the member's compensation for up to 12 months.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. Benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2024, the following employees were covered by the agent plans' benefit terms:

	PSPRS Police					
	Pension	Health				
Inactive employees or						
beneficiaries currently receiving						
benefits	19	19				
Inactive employees entitled to						
but not yet receiving benefits	2	-				
Active employees	3	3				
Total	24	22				

Contributions – State statutes establish the pension contribution requirements for active PSPRS employees. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine employer contribution requirements for PSPRS pension and health insurance premium benefits. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions rates for the year ended June 30, 2024, are indicated below. Rates are a percentage of active members' annual covered payroll.

			City-Health
	Active Member-		Insurance
	Pension	City-Pension	Premium Benefit
PSPRS Police (Tiers 1 & 2)	7.65%	110.56%	0.00%
PSPRS Police (Tier 3)	9.56%	98.10%	0.12%

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The City's contributions to the plans for the year ended June 30, 2024, were:

			Health Insurance		
	P	Pension		m Benefit	
PSPRS Police	\$	591,874	\$	-	

During fiscal year 2024, the City paid for 100 percent of PSPRS pension and OPEB contributions from the General Fund.

Liability – At June 30, 2024, the City reported the following assets and liabilities:

	Net Pe	Net Pension (Asset)		Net OPEB (Asset)		
]	Liability		Liability		
PSPRS Police	\$	5,824,059	\$	(206,052)		

The net assets and net liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total liability used to calculate the net asset or liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions – The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension/OPEB liability are as follows:

PSPRS

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.20%
Wage inflation	3.0 - 6.25% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Price inflation	2.5% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Cost-of-living adjustment	1.85% for pensions/not applicable for OPEB
Mortality rates	PubS-2010 tables
Healthcare cost trend rate	Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on PSPRS plan investments was determined to be 7.2 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. public equity	24%	3.98%
International public equity	16%	4.49%
Global private equity	20%	7.28%
Other assets (capital appreciation)	7%	4.49%
Core bonds	6%	1.90%
Private credit	20%	6.19%
Diversifying strategies	5%	3.68%
Cash - Mellon	2%	0.69%
Total	100%	

Discount Rates – At June 30, 2024, the discount rate used to measure the PSPRS and CORP total pension/OPEB liabilities was 7.2 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between the actuarially determined contribution rate and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension/OPEB liability.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Changes in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)						
	Total Pension		Plan 1	Fiduciary Net	Net Pension Liab		
		iability (a)	P	osition (b)	(Asset) (a)-(b)		
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	10,616,647	\$	4,377,823	\$	6,238,824	
Changes for the year							
Service Cost		90,518		-		90,518	
Interest on the total liability		745,548		-		745,548	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience in the							
measurement of the liability		359,139		-		359,139	
Contributions-employer		-		1,213,362		(1,213,362)	
Contributions-employee		-		23,135		(23,135)	
Net investment income		-		378,612		(378,612)	
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee							
contributions		(704,652)		(704,652)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(5,139)		5,139	
Net changes		490,553		905,318		(414,765)	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	11,107,200	\$	5,283,141	\$	5,824,059	

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

	Health Insurance Premium Benefit Increase (Decrease)						
	Tot	al OPEB	Plan F	Fiduciary Net	Net OPEB (Asset) Liability (a) - (b)		
	Lia	bility (a)	Po	sition (b)			
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$	84,003	\$	260,302	\$	(176,299)	
Changes for the year							
Service Cost		1,470		-		1,470	
Interest on the total liability		5,977		-		5,977	
Differences between expected							
and actual experience in the							
measurement of the liability		(17,775)		-		(17,775)	
Net investment income		-		19,708		(19,708)	
Benefit payments, including							
refunds of employee							
contributions		(4,923)		(4,923)		-	
Administrative expense		-		(283)		283	
Net changes		(15,251)		14,502		(29,753)	
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$	68,752	\$	274,804	\$	(206,052)	

Sensitivity of the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the City's net pension/OPEB (assets) liabilities calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the City's net pension/OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.2 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	b Decrease (6.2%)	Current Discount Rate (7.2%)		1% Increase (8.2%)	
PSPRS Police Net pension (asset) liability Net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	7,192,324 (197,972)	\$	5,824,059 (206,052)	\$	4,703,022 (212,798)

Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PSPRS financial reports.

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

Expense – For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized the following pension and OPEB expense:

			OPEB Expense			
	Pensi	Pension Expense		Income)		
PSPRS Police	\$	858,406	\$	(20,138)		

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB from the following sources:

	Pension				Health Insurance Premium Benefit				
	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources	Infl	erred ows of ources	Out	eferred flows of sources	Inf	eferred lows of sources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,888	
projected and actual earnings on plan investments City contributions subsequent		62,399		-		2,450		-	
to the measurement date		591,874		-					
Total	\$	654,273	\$	-	\$	2,450	\$	8,888	

NOTE 9 – PENSIONS AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – Continued

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB resulting from City contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB will be recognized as expenses as follows:

	PSPRS Police					
	Р	ension	Health			
Year ended June 30,						
2025	\$	6,272	\$	(9,160)		
2026		(23,201)		(2,977)		
2027		88,217		5,930		
2028		(8,889)		(231)		
2029		-		-		
Thereafter		-		-		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,421,057	\$ 4,421,057	\$ 4,660,540	\$ 239,483
Intergovernmental	2,543,580	2,543,580	2,526,104	(17,476)
Investment income	30,000	30,000	339,440	309,440
Charges for services	212,416	212,416	233,525	21,109
Other revenue	37,170	37,170	41,459	4,289
Fines and forfietures	19,000	19,000	38,127	19,127
Licenses, permits and fees	30,000	30,000	20,830	(9,170)
Total revenues	7,293,223	7,293,223	7,860,025	566,802
Expenditures				
City Council	45,322	45,322	57,013	(11,691)
Administration	846,952	846,952	635,330	211,622
Lodgers	531,000	531,000	195,532	335,468
Library	315,903	315,903	314,592	1,311
Parks	527,268	527,268	434,534	92,734
Golf Cours e	353,157	353,157	306,637	46,520
Animal Control	130,312	130,312	142,196	(11,884)
Police	2,920,358	2,920,358	2,013,595	906,763
Fire	1,420,749	1,420,749	140,917	1,279,832
Facilities	226,381	226,381	120,356	106,025
Fleet	181,369	181,369	202,924	(21,555)
Airport	177,301	177,301	82,694	94,607
Magistrate	206,517	206,517	246,348	(39,831)
Senior Center	93,948	93,948	74,041	19,907
Contingency	181,892	181,892	-	181,892
Impound	27,737	27,737	-	27,737
JCEF	40,683	40,683	-	40,683
Fill the GAP	19,270	19,270		19,270
Total expenditures	8,246,119	8,246,119	4,966,709	3,279,410
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(952,896)	(952,896)	2,893,316	3,846,212
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of assets			10,372	10,372
Net change in fund balances	(952,896)	(952,896)	2,903,688	3,856,584
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,734,229	5,734,229	5,734,229	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,781,333	\$ 4,781,333	\$ 8,637,917	\$ 3,856,584

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule HURF Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Var	iance with
	(Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	890,578	\$	890,578	\$ 867,084	\$	(23,494)
Expenditures							
Public works and streets		1,692,485		1,692,485	671,101		1,021,384
Net change in fund balances		(801,907)		(801,907)	195,983		997,890
Fund balances, beginning of year		962,356		962,356	962,356		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	160,449	\$	160,449	\$ 1,158,339	\$	997,890

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Grants Fund Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,950,199	\$ 2,950,199	\$ 50,251	\$ (2,899,948)
Expenditures Grants	3,348,699	3,348,699	273,343	3,075,356
Grants	5,546,099	3,340,079	273,343	5,075,550
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(398,500)	(398,500)	(223,092)	175,408
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers		<u> </u>	(125,762)	(125,762)
Net change in fund balances	(398,500)	(398,500)	(348,854)	49,646
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,552,606	1,552,606	1,552,606	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,154,106	\$ 1,154,106	\$ 1,203,752	\$ 49,646

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – BUDGETING AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

A.R.S. requires the City to prepare and adopt a balanced budget annually for each governmental fund. The City Council must approve such operating budgets on or before the third Monday in July to allow sufficient time for the legal announcements and hearings required for the adoption of the property tax levy on the third Monday in August. A.R.S. prohibits expenditures or liabilities in excess of the amounts budgeted.

Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level. In certain instances, transfers of appropriations between departments or from the contingency account to a department may be made upon the City Council's approval. With the exception of the general fund, each fund includes only one department.

NOTE 2 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

NOTE 3 – EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2024, expenditures exceeded final budget amounts at the department level (the legal level of budgetary control) in the City Council, Animal Control, Fleet, and Magistrate departments.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2024

ASRS-Pension

					. 0	Fiscal Year ment Date)				
	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.011210%	0.012890%	0.014770%	0.015720%	0.016030%	0.015580%	0.015980%	0.018600%	0.018330%	0.018808%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,813,940	\$ 2,103,934	\$ 1,940,712	\$ 2,723,729	\$ 2,332,552	\$ 2,172,862	\$ 2,489,373	\$ 3,002,227	\$ 2,854,998	\$ 2,782,938
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,412,121	\$ 1,461,579	\$ 1,574,322	\$ 1,659,203	\$ 1,659,203	\$ 1,548,330	\$ 1,558,312	\$ 1,693,548	\$ 1,688,200	\$ 1,695,402
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as	128.45%	143.95%	123.27%	164.16%	140.58%	140.34%	159.75%	177.27%	169.11%	164.15%
a percentage of its covered payroll										
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.47%	74.26%	78.58%	69.33%	73.24%	73.40%	69.92%	67.06%	68.35%	69.49%

ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit

				Reporting	Fiscal Year			
				(Measure	nent Date)			
	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2015
City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset)	0.011070%	0.012580%	0.014310%	0.015070%	0.015350%	0.015600%	0.016000%	Information
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset)	\$ (59,770)	\$ (70,209)	\$ (69,719)	\$ (10,670)	\$ (4,242)	\$ (5,617)	\$ (8,710)	not available
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,412,121	\$ 1,461,579	\$ 1,574,322	\$ 1,659,203	\$ 1,659,203	\$ 1,548,330	\$ 1,558,312	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	-4.23%	-4.80%	-4.43%	-0.64%	-0.26%	-0.36%	-0.56%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	134.37%	137.79%	130.24%	104.33%	101.62%	102.20%	103.57%	

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension/OPEB Liability Cost-Sharing Plans June 30, 2024

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

				Reporting 1 (Measure)	Fiscal Year ment Date)			
	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2015
City's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) City's covered payroll City's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.011130% \$ 1,458 \$ 1,412,121 0.10% 93.70%	0.012740% \$ 1,177 \$ 1,461,579 0.08% 95.40%	0.014550% \$ 3,003 \$ 1,574,322 0.19% 90.38%	0.015210% \$ 11,538 \$ 1,659,203 0.70% 68.01%	0.015560% \$ 10,136 \$ 1,659,203 0.61% 72.85%	0.015600% \$ 8,151 \$ 1,548,330 0.53% 77.83%	0.015930% \$ 5,774 \$ 1,558,312 0.37% 84.44%	Information not available

See accompanying notes to pension/OPEB plan schedules.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2024

PSPRS-Pension

PSPRS-Pension	. <u> </u>				Reporting (Measure)	Fiscal Year ment Date)				
	2024 (2023)	2023 (2022)	2022 (2021)	2021 (2020)	2020 (2019)	2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 (2016)	2016 (2015)	2015 (2014)
Total pension liability Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Changes of benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the pension liability Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning	\$ 90,518 745,548 - 359,139 - (704,652) 490,553 10,616,647	\$ 107,220 742,330 - (141,191) 191,163 (689,116) 210,406 210,406,241	\$ 85,133 730,093 - 56,433 - (763,131) 108,528 10,297,713	\$ 86,340 727,508 - (13,680) - (763,966) 36,202 10,261,511	\$ 61,199 683,571 - 335,292 312,730 (615,063) 777,729 9,483,782	\$ 63,838 662,886 - 107,072 - (552,031) 281,765 9,202,017	\$ 123,374 629,152 104,775 (27,208) 285,779 (481,711) 634,161 8,567,856	\$ 123,831 627,072 (33,893) (159,324) 324,762 (481,711) 400,737 8,167,119	\$ 108,893 591,008 - 251,187 - (516,581) 434,507 7,732,612	\$ 128,316 458,327 219,150 302,968 1,073,926 (448,947) 1,733,740 5,998,872
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 11,107,200	\$ 10,616,647	\$ 10,406,241	\$ 10,297,713	\$ 10,261,511	\$ 9,483,782	\$ 9,202,017	\$ 8,567,856	\$ 8,167,119	\$ 7,732,612
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Hall/Parker Settlement A dministrative expense Other changes Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning Administrative expense Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b) City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,213,362 23,135 378,612 (704,652) - (5,139) - - 905,318 4,377,823 - - \$ 5,283,141 \$ 5,824,059	\$ 1,294,370 26,059 (176,027) (689,116) - (3,173) - - 452,113 3,925,710 - - \$ 4,377,823 \$ 6,238,824	\$ 1,327,860 27,781 766,238 (763,131) - (3,587) - 1,355,161 2,570,549 - \$ 3,925,710 \$ 6,480,531	\$ 890,892 53,963 31,478 (763,966) - (2,567) - 209,800 2,370,996 (10,247) \$ 2,570,549 \$ 7,727,164	\$ 519,733 22,989 122,764 (615,063) (3,122) 12,693 59,994 2,311,029 (27) \$ 2,370,996 \$ 7,890,515	\$ 503,731 59,150 155,482 (552,031) (86,985) (3,066) (25,794) 50,487 2,260,542 - \$ 2,311,029 \$ 7,172,753	\$ 456,574 79,281 236,484 (481,711) - (2,492) 23 288,159 1,972,383 - \$ 2,260,542 \$ 6,941,475	\$ 495,281 83,917 11,026 (481,711) - (1,988) 137,607 244,132 1,728,251 - \$ 1,972,383 \$ 6,595,473	\$ 307,328 74,656 64,270 (516,581) - (1,927) (36,229) (108,483) 1,836,734 - \$ 1,728,251 \$ 6,438,868	\$ 281,536 68,611 230,716 (448,947) - - (144,423) (12,507) 1,849,241 - \$ 1,836,734 \$ 5,895,878
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	47.57%	41.24%	37.72%	24.96%	23.11%	24.37%	24.57%	23.02%	21.16%	23.75%
Covered payroll	\$ 664,437	\$ 684,599	\$ 676,272	\$ 623,967	\$ 606,305	\$ 332,835	\$ 565,676	\$ 671,533	\$ 697,600	\$ 612,402
City's net pension (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	876.54%	911.31%	958.27%	1238.39%	1301.41%	2155.05%	1227.11%	982.15%	923.00%	962.75%

See accompanying notes to pension/OPEB plan schedules.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Agent Pension Plans June 30, 2024

PSPRS-OPEB

PSPRS-OPEB						Reporting (Measure)					
	 2024 (2023)		2023 (2022)	 2022 (2021)		2021 (2020)	 2020 (2019)		2019 (2018)	2018 (2017)	2017 through 2015
Total OPEB liability											
Service cost	\$ 1,470	\$	2,116	\$ 1,816	\$	2,211	\$ 999	\$	1,198	\$ 2,715	Information
Interest on the total OPEB liability	5,977		4,959	6,495		9,136	8,300		13,358	12,245	not available
Changes of benefit terms	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
Differences between expected and actual experience											
in the measurement of the OPEB liability	(17,775)		12,722	(23,631)		(38,083)	8,100		(74,177)	15,691	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	-		975	-		-	974		-	(4,167)	
Benefit payments	 (4,923)		(5,156)	 (6,900)		(7,800)	 (8,798)		(9,454)	 (7,487)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(15,251)		15,616	(22,220)		(34,536)	9,575		(69,075)	18,997	
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 84,003	_	68,387	 90,607	_	125,143	 115,568	_	184,643	 165,646	
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 68,752	\$	84,003	\$ 68,387	\$	90,607	\$ 125,143	\$	115,568	\$ 184,643	
Plan fiduciary net position											
Contributions - employer	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(27)	\$ -	
Net investment income	19,708		(10,820)	60,556		2,844	11,974		15,064	23,626	
Benefit payments	(4,923)		(5,156)	(6,900)		(7,800)	(8,808)		(9,454)	(7,487)	
Administrative expense	 (283)		(193)	 (249)		(231)	 (180)		(229)	 (209)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	14,502		(16,169)	53,407		(5,187)	2,986		5,354	15,930	
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	260,302		276,471	 223,064	_	228,251	 225,265		219,911	203,981	
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 274,804	\$	260,302	\$ 276,471	\$	223,064	\$ 228,251	\$	225,265	\$ 219,911	
City's net OPEB (asset) liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (206,052)	\$	(176,299)	\$ (208,084)	\$	(132,457)	\$ (103,108)	\$	(109,697)	\$ (35,268)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total	399.70%		200.870/	404 279/		246.19%	182 200/		104.020/	119.10%	
OPEB liability	399./0%		309.87%	404.27%		240.19%	182.39%		194.92%	119.10%	
Covered payroll	\$ 664,437	\$	684,599	\$ 676,272	\$	623,967	\$ 606,305	\$	332,835	\$ 565,676	
City's net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of covered payroll	-31.01%		-25.75%	-30.77%		-21.23%	-17.01%		-32.96%	-6.23%	

See accompanying notes to pension/OPEB plan schedules.

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City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2024

ASRS-Pension

					Reporting	Fiscal Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 174,620	\$ 174,448	\$ 184,284	\$ 193,389	\$ 196,675	\$ 189,038	\$ 168,768	\$ 167,986	\$ 183,750	\$ 183,845
required contribution	(174,620)	(174,448)	(184,284)	(193,389)	(196,675)	(189,038)	(168,768)	(167,986)	(183,750)	(183,845)
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,451,534	\$ 1,412,121	\$ 1,461,579	\$ 1,574,322	\$ 1,595,363	\$ 1,659,203	\$ 1,548,330	\$ 1,558,312	\$ 1,693,548	\$ 1,688,200
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll										
	12.03%	12.35%	12.61%	12.28%	12.33%	11.18%	10.90%	10.78%	10.85%	10.89%

ASRS-Health Insurance Premium Benefit

				Re	porti	ng Fiscal Yo	ear				
	2024	2023	2022	2021		2020		2019	2018	2017	2016 through 2015
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$ 1,597	\$ 1,552	\$ 3,069	\$ 6,122	\$	7,880	\$	7,267	\$ 6,694	\$ 8,616	Information not available
required contribution	(1,597)	(1,552)	(3,069)	(6,122)		(7,880)		(7,267)	(6,694)	(8,616)	
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
City's covered payroll	\$ 1,451,534	\$ 1,412,121	\$ 1,461,579	\$ 1,574,322	\$	1,595,363	\$	1,659,203	\$ 1,548,330	\$ 1,558,312	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.11%	0.11%	0.21%	0.39%		0.49%		0.46%	0.43%	0.55%	

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2024

ASRS-Long-Term Disability

						Re	portin	ıg Fiscal Yo	ear				
		2024	2023		2022	2021		2020	:	2019	2018	2017	2016 through 2015
Statutorily required contribution City's contributions in relation to the statutorily	\$	2,177	\$ 2,014	\$	2,854	\$ 2,906	\$	2,788	\$	2,585	\$ 2,475	\$ 2,166	Information not available
required contribution		(2,177)	 (2,014)		(2,854)	 (2,906)		(2,788)		(2,585)	 (2,475)	 (2,166)	
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
City's covered payroll	\$ 1	,451,534	\$ 1,412,121	\$ 1	,461,579	\$ 1,574,322	\$	1,595,363	\$ 1	1,659,203	\$ 1,548,330	\$ 1,558,312	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.15%	0.14%		0.20%	0.18%		0.17%		0.16%	0.16%	0.14%	

PSPRS-Pension

					Reporting	Fisc	al Year				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020		2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 591,874	\$ 649,906	\$ 694,370	\$ 777,219	\$ 890,892	\$	519,733	\$ 503,731	\$ 456,574	\$ 495,281	\$ 307,328
City's contributions in relation to the actuarially											
determined contribution	(591,874)	 (1,213,362)	 (1,294,370)	 (1,327,860)	 (890,892)		(519,733)	 (503,731)	 (456,574)	(495,281)	 (307,328)
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ (563,456)	\$ (600,000)	\$ (550,641)	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered-employee payroll	\$ 573,047	\$ 664,437	\$ 684,599	\$ 676,272	\$ 623,967	\$	606,305	\$ 332,835	\$ 565,676	\$ 671,533	\$ 697,600
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll											
	103.29%	97.81%	101.43%	114.93%	142.78%		85.72%	151.35%	80.71%	73.75%	44.06%

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Schedule of City Pension/OPEB Contributions June 30, 2024

PSPRS-OPEB

				Re	porti	ng Fiscal Y	'ear				
	2024	2023	2022	2021		2020		2019	2018	2017	2016 through 2015
Actuarially determined contribution City's contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	Information not available
determined contribution	-	-	-	-		-		-	-	-	
City's contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	
City's covered payroll	\$ 573,047	\$ 664,437	\$ 684,599	\$ 676,272	\$	623,967	\$	606,305	\$ 527,976	\$ 565,676	
City's contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

See accompanying notes to pension/OPEB plan schedules.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2024

NOTE 1 – ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION RATES

Actuarial determined contribution rates for PSPRS are calculated as of June 30 two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are made. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to establish the contribution requirements are as follows:

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period	Entry age normal Level percent-of-pay, closed
as of the 2022 actuarial	16 years
Asset valuation method Actuarial assumptions:	7-year smoothed market value; 80%/120% market corridor
Investment rate of return	In the 2022 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.3% to 7.2%. In the 2019 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.4% to 7.3%. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 7.4%. In the 2016 actuarial valuation, the investment rate of return was decreased from 7.85%
Projected salary increases	In the 2017 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from $4.0\%-8.0\%$ to $3.5\%-7.5\%$ for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from $4.5\%-8.5\%$ to $4.0\%-8.0\%$ for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, projected salary increases were decreased from $5.0\%-9.0\%$ to $4.5\%-8.5\%$ for PSPRS.
Wage growth	In the 2022 actuarial valuation, wage growth was changed from 3.5% to a range of $3.0 - 6.25\%$ for PSPRS. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4% to 3.5% for PSPRS. In the 2014 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 4.5% to 4.0% for PSPRS. In the 2013 actuarial valuation, wage growth was decreased from 5.0% to 4.5% for PSPRS.
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that is specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period July 1, 2006–June 30, 2011.
Mortality	In the 2019 actuarial valuation, changed to PubS-2010 tables. In the 2017 actuarial valuation, changed to RP-2014 tables, with 75% of MP-2016 fully generational projection scales. RP-2000 mortality table (adjusted by 105% for both males and females).

NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS

Arizona courts have ruled that provisions of a 2011 law that changed the mechanism for funding permanent pension benefit increases and increased employee pension contribution rates were unconstitutional or a breach of contract because those provisions apply to individuals who were members as of the law's effective date. As a result, the PSPRS changed benefit terms to reflect the prior mechanism for funding permanent benefit increases for those members and revised actuarial assumptions to explicitly value future permanent benefit increases. PSPRS also reduced those members' employee contribution rates. These changes are reflected in the plans' pension liabilities for fiscal year 2015 (measurement date 2014) for members who were retired as of the law's effective date and fiscal year 2018 (measurement date 2017) for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the PSPRS-required pension contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the pension in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes also increased the pension in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as of the law's effective date. These changes increased the PSPRS-required contributions beginning in fiscal year 2016 for members who were retired as

City of Holbrook, Arizona Required Supplementary Information Notes to Pension/OPEB Plan Schedules June 30, 2024

NOTE 2 – FACTORS THAT AFFECT TRENDS – Continued

year 2019 for members who retired or will retire after the law's effective date. Also, the City refunded excess employee contributions to PSPRS members. PSPRS allowed the City to reduce its actual employer contributions for the refund amounts. As a result, the City's pension contributions were less than the actuarially or statutorily determined contributions for 2018 and 2019.

REPORTS AND SCHEDULES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the City Council City of Holbrook, Arizona

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Holbrook, Arizona, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Holbrook, Arizona's, basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 24, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Holbrook, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Holbrook, Arizona's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Holbrook, Arizona's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items **2024-001** and **2024-002** to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses as item **2024-003** to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Holbrook, Arizona's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of Holbrook, Arizona's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Holbrook, Arizona's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. City of Holbrook, Arizona's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Colby & Fowell

February 24, 2025

City of Holbrook, Arizona Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2024

Financial Statement Findings

Item: 2024-001 (Repeat finding)

Subject: Purchasing policy

Condition: During our audit it was noted that the City is not consistently following its approved purchasing policy by requiring all purchases to have an approved purchase order/requisition which has been signed by the Finance Director and/or the City Manager.

Recommendation: Management should follow approved purchasing policies and procedures. Purchase orders help a purchasing agent to manage incoming orders and pending orders. They also benefit the City by empowering department heads giving them control over department spending and budgeting.

Response: Management is currently in the process of updating the City's formal written accounting policies and procedures, in particular, procedures to initiate, authorize, record, process, and report transactions. Processes include activities and procedures involved in repeatable accounting transactions or events, such as paying invoices, processing payroll, taking physical inventory, preparing journal entries, etc. It is anticipated that management will have this completed by the end of the current fiscal year.

Item: 2024-002 (Repeat finding)

Subject: Misstatements requiring audit adjustments

Condition: During our audit we noted misstatements that were not identified by the City's finance department which required us to propose adjusting journal entries.

Recommendation: We recommend that management review all audit entries to help in identifying areas in the accounting system that required adjustment. The finance department should ensure that these areas are complete before each audit.

Response: The finance department will review all audit entries to help in identifying areas in the accounting system that required adjustment. The finance department will ensure that these areas are complete before each audit. The finance department will work on improving the accounting reconciliations to ensure that there are less audit adjustments.

City of Holbrook, Arizona Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2024

Item: 2024-003 (Repeat finding)

Subject: Formal written accounting policies and procedures

Condition: During our audit, it was noted that there are no written accounting policies and procedures.

Recommendation: We recommend that the City institute a program to methodically identify and document its significant accounting processes. Accounting processes, in particular, are procedure to initiate, authorize, record, process, and report transactions. Processes include activities and procedures involved in repeatable accounting transactions or events, such as paying invoices, processing payroll, taking physical inventory, preparing journal entries, etc.

Response: Management is currently in the process of updating the City's formal written accounting policies and procedures, in particular, procedures to initiate, authorize, record, process, and report transactions. Processes include activities and procedures involved in repeatable accounting transactions or events, such as paying invoices, processing payroll, taking physical inventory, preparing journal entries, etc. It is anticipated that management will have this completed by the end of the current fiscal year.